UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO WESTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VS

Case No. 1:14mj646

JOHN DOE #4 - Jason Gmoser

DETENTION ORDER PENDING TRIAL

After conducting a detention hearing under the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), I conclude that these facts require that the defendant be detained pending trial.

Part I - Findings of Fact

Alternative Findings (A) 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2)

(1)	previ	defendant is charged with an offense described in § $3142(f)(1)$ and has ously been convicted of \square a federal offense \square a state or local offense would have been a federal offense if federal jurisdiction had existed; that is:
		a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4) or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5) for which the prison term is 10 years or more.
		an offense for which the maximum sentence is death or life imprisonment
		an offense for which a maximum prison term of ten years or more is prescribed in
		a felony committed after the defendant has been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offenses:
		 any felony that is not a crime of violence but involves: □ a minor victim □ the possession or use of a firearm or destructive device or any other dangerous weapon □ a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250.

Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 *et seq.*); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 *et seq.*) or Chapter 705 of Title 46

	(2)	The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state release or local offense.		
	(3)	A period of less than five years has elapsed since the: \Box date of conviction \Box defendant's release from prison for the offense described in finding (1).		
	(4)	Findings Nos.(1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presumption that no condition will reasonably assure the safety of another person or the community. I further fin that the defendant has not rebutted this presumption.		
		Alternative Findings (B) 18 U.S.C.§ 3142(e)(3)		
g	(1)	There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has committed an offense		
		for which a maximum prison term of ten years or more is prescribed in;		
		□ under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c); 956(a) or 2332b;		
		listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;		
		under Chapter 77 of Title 18 for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or		
		involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. § 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, or 2425.		
	(2)	The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding (1) that no condition will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance and the safety of the community.		
		Alternative Findings (C) 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(1)		
	(1)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.		
	(2)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the safety of another person or the community.		

Part II - Statement of the Reasons for Detention

For the reasons more particularly stated on the record in open court at the detention
hearing, I find that the testimony and information submitted at the detention hearing establishes by
☑ clear and convincing evidence □ a preponderance of the evidence that:
the defendant does not contest Pretial Services
Exclear and convincing evidence \(\sigma\) a preponderance of the evidence that: the defendant does not confest Butual Services recommendation for defention and has not rebetted the presumption for defention in this case.
the presumption for defention in this case.

Part III - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or a designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity to consult privately with the defense counsel. On order of the United States Court or on request of an attorney for the government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to the United States Marshal for a court appearance.

Date: 10/21/14

Karen L. Litkovitz

United States Magistrate Judge